

ABSTRACT

Differences in Individual Disaster Resilience Between Children and Adults in Flood-Prone Areas of Tangerang City

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Flood disasters pose a significant threat in Tangerang City, affecting all age groups, including children and adults. Children are generally more vulnerable to the impacts of disasters due to their physical limitations and lack of understanding, while adults often face greater mental stress due to their responsibilities during disasters. This highlights the need for individual disaster resilience. This study aims to identify the differences in individual disaster resilience between children and adults in flood-prone areas of Tangerang City. A quantitative approach was employed using a convenience sampling technique, involving 389 participants aged 11–70 years. The instrument used in this study was the Disaster Resilience Scale for Individuals (DRSi). The results revealed a significant difference in individual disaster resilience between children and adults, with adults demonstrating higher individual disaster resilience compared to children.

Keywords: Children, Adults, Flood Disasters, Individual Disaster Resilience

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