

ABSTRACT

ANALYSIS OF LABOR PRODUCTIVITY IN MITRA10 BUILDING PROJECT, BINTARO

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In the construction sector, labor productivity is one of the determining factors for the success of a development project. In measuring the level of labor productivity, the LUR (Labor Utilitation Rate) method of each worker is needed to examine how much the level of effectiveness of workers at work. The large value of labor predictivity can be caused by several actors which include age, work experience, education level, suitability of wages, field conditions and aids, worker health, relationships between workers and managerial. The purpose of this study is to find out whether independent variable factors affect the value of labor productivity in the Mitra10 building construction project, know the dominant variables and know the level of labor productivity in the Mitra10 building construction project. To obtain supporting data for this study, several methods were carried out in the field, namely by observation, interviews and questionnaires conducted on labor respondents. From the data analysis conducted, it can be seen that the independent variables together do not have a significant influence on labor productivity and partially the independent variables have a significant influence on the dependent variable. In addition, the variable relationship between workers has a dominant influence on productivity with the highest beta value of 0.335 and the average value of labor productivity in the Mitra10 building construction project of 94.127%; where greater than 75% means workers enter the productive category.

Keywords: Productivity, Variable, Dominant

Libraries : 11
Published Year : 2003 - 2022